

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****B. E. Sem. - V - Examination – June- 2011****Subject code: 150101****Subject Name: Flight Mechanics****Date: 20/06/2011****Time: 10:30 am – 01:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) With help of sketch explain working principles of Pitot static tube used for air speed measurement for incompressible, subsonic compressible and supersonic flow. **07**
- (b) Explain any two high lift devices and their working principles with the help of neat sketches **07**

- Q.2** (a) For International Standard Atmosphere, explain variation of temperature, pressure variation with altitude with the help of neat and proper diagram. Also define lapse rate, stratosphere and troposphere **07**
- (b) Derive expression for coefficient of lift and coefficient of drag from the pressure coefficient. **07**

**OR**

- (b) Explain Coefficient of lift versus angle of attack curve. What is stalling of an airfoil? What is deep stall? **07**

- Q.3** (a) Explain the various techniques for increasing the lift with the help of suitable diagrams and examples? **07**
- (b) Consider the Gulfstream IV twin-turboprop executive transport flying at an altitude of 30,000 ft, assuming a weight of 73000 lb. Airplane data : wing area = 950 ft<sup>2</sup>, aspect ratio = 5.92,  $C_{D0} = 0.015$  and  $K = 0.08$ . Calculate thrust required, minimum thrust required and the velocity at which it occurs. Assume drag polar as  $C_D = 0.015 + 0.08C_L^2$  **07**

**OR**

- Q.3** (a) Explain static stability, dynamic stability and control **07**
- (b) Consider the Gulfstream IV twin-turboprop executive transport flying at an altitude of 30,000 ft, assuming a weight of 73000 lb. Airplane data : wing area = 950 ft<sup>2</sup>, aspect ratio = 5.92,  $C_{D0} = 0.015$  and  $K = 0.08$ . Calculate the maximum values of  $C_L^{3/2}/C_D$ ,  $C_L/C_D$  and  $C_L^{1/2}/C_D$  as well as the flight velocities at which they occur. Assume drag polar as  $C_D = 0.015 + 0.08C_L^2$  **07**

- Q.4** (a) Explain neutral point and static margin **07**
- (b) For the Gulfstream IV twin-turboprop executive transport flying at an altitude of 30,000 ft, assuming a weight of 73000 lb. Airplane data are as follows: wing area = 950 ft<sup>2</sup>, aspect ratio = 5.92,  $C_{D0} = 0.015$  and  $K = 0.08$ . Using the appropriate analytical expressions, calculate directly the **07**

values of  $\theta_{\max}$ ,  $V_{\theta_{\max}}$ ,  $\left(\frac{R}{C}\right)_{\max}$  and  $V_{\left(\frac{R}{C}\right)_{\max}}$ . Assume drag polar as  $C_D = 0.015 + 0.08C_L^2$

**OR**

- Q.4** (a) Calculate elevator angle for trim **07**  
 (b) A blunt nose Pitot tube is placed in supersonic wind tunnel to estimate the flow Mach number. The stagnation pressure at the entrance to the Pitot tube is 2 bar. The free stream static pressure ahead of the shock wave is measured by a static pressure tap in the wall of the tunnel and is 0.15 bar. Estimate the Mach number in tunnel **07**

- Q.5** (a) Explain induced drag and wave drag **07**  
 (b) Explain swept back wing with neat and proper sketch **07**

**OR**

- Q.5** (a) What is compressibility correction and why it is necessary? **07**  
 (b) Explain absolute and service ceilings. Also explain geopotential and geometric altitudes **07**

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