

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**B.E. Sem-Vth Examination December 2010****Subject code: 151805****Subject Name: Elementary Design and Drawing****Date: 20 /12 /2010****Time: 03.00 pm - 05.30 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Describe the design procedure of a machine. Illustrate your answer with suitable example. **07**
- (b) Define the following mechanical properties: (i) yield stress (ii) Endurance stress (iii) Ultimate stress (iv) creep stress (v) Ductility (vi) Brittleness (vii) Hardness **07**

- Q.2** (a) Illustrate how the stress concentration in a component can be reduced. **07**
- (b) What do you mean by standardization? Explain the role of preferred numbers in standardization. **07**

OR

- (b) A mild steel rod of 12mm diameter was tested for tensile strength with the gauge length of 50mm. Following observations were recorded. **07**
- Final length = 80mm
Final diameter = 7mm
Yield load = 3.4KN
Ultimate load = 6.1KN Calculate
(i) Yield stress (ii) Ultimate tensile stress (iii) Percentage reduction in area
(iv) Percentage elongation.

- Q.3** (a) Define the following terms: (i) Limits (ii) Allowance (iii) Upper deviation (iv) Basic Size (v) Tolerance (vi) Fits (vii) Interchangeability **07**
- (b) Two tie rods are connected by a sleeve using cotters. They are subjected to an axial pull of 50KN. Design the joint using following design stresses: **07**
- For rods and cotters (Material C30): $[\sigma_t] = 60 \text{ N/mm}^2$,
 $[\sigma_c] = 70 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $[\tau] = 30 \text{ N/mm}^2$
For sleeve (Material-cast steel): $[\sigma_t] = 65 \text{ N/mm}^2$,
 $[\sigma_c] = 100 \text{ N/mm}^2$, $[\tau] = 45 \text{ N/mm}^2$

OR

- Q.3** (a) How are the keys classified and Draw neat sketches of different types of keys and state their application. **07**
- (b) Why are couplings employed in power transmission? Explain how a coupling transmits power from one shaft to the other shaft. **07**

- Q.4** (a) Discuss different types of brakes giving atleast one practical application for each. **07**
- (b) A 80mm long journal bearing supports a load of 2800N on a 50mm diameter shaft. The bearing has a radial clearance of 0.05mm and the viscosity of the oil is 0.021kg/m-s at the operating temperature. If the bearing is capable of dissipating 80J/s, Calculate the maximum safe speed. **07**

OR

- Q.4** (a) State different types of belt drives. Give their merits and demerits. **07**
- (b) List out the welded joints and explain the types of Butt Joints. **07**

- Q.5 (a)** What are the various permanent and detachable fastenings? **07**
Give a complete list with the different types of each category and also explain the methods of riveting.
- (b)** Define the following terms with neat sketch: (i) Major diameter of screw threads **07**
(ii) Minor diameter of screw threads (iii) Pitch diameter of screw threads (iv) Lead
(v) Depth of thread (vi) Flank of thread (vii) Angle of thread
- OR**
- Q.5 (a)** How are the gear classified? Explain with neat sketch. **07**
- (b)** A bronze spur pinion rotating at 600 r.p.m. drives a C.I. spur gear at a **07**
transmission ratio of 4:1. The allowable static stresses for the bronze pinion and C.I. gear are 84 MPa and 105 MPa respectively. The pinion has 16 standard 20° full depth involute teeth of module 8 mm. The face width of both the gears is 90mm. Find the power that can be transmitted from the standpoint of strength.
