Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-V • EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2013

· ·	Subject Code: 152302 Date: 16-05-2		
Subject Name: Physics of Plastics Time: 10.30 am - 01.00 pm Instructions: Total Mai		30 am - 01.00 pm Total Marks: 70	١
Instru	1. A 2. N	Attempt all questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a) (b)	Discuss In Detail , the factors affecting crystallinity 1. Draw Molecular Architectures For Linear, Branched, Crosslinked And Dendritic Conformations 2. Define : Isomerism ; Mesogens ; Rayleigh ratio.	07 07
Q.2	(a)	Discuss Boltzmannøs superposition Principle	07
	(b)	Discuss Gel permeation chromatography. OR	07
	(b)	What is Chain length and contour length? Calculate the chain length and contour length of a PE molecule whose 6C-C- chain is 1.54A• and bond angle is 109• 28ø Assume n=20000.	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	What is intrinsic viscosity? Discuss Mark Houwink equation and its significance Discuss maxwellos model	07 07
Q.3	(a) (b)	OR Discuss Size Exclusion Chromatography 1. Discuss Theta Temperature 2. Discuss Radius of gyration.	07 07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Discuss polymer dissolution. Discuss Gaussian distribution OR	07 07
Q.4 Q.4	(a) (b)		07 07
Q.5	(a) (b)	•	07 07
Q.5	(a) (b)	Discuss difference between amorphous and crystalline polymers. What is mean end to end distance? Consider an ideal polyethylene chain with molar mass $M=10^a$ g/mol; where $a=6$. Its mean end to end distance is given by $<\!R^2\!>=Cb^2\!N$, where the monomer length is $b=2.5A^{\bullet}$ and the coefficient $C=5.5$, Estimate its root end square end to end distance $\varsigma<\!R^2\!>$ if the molar mass $M_{mon}=28$ g/mol.	07 07
