## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** BE - SEMESTER-VIII • EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2013

Subject Code: 180506Date: 09/05/2013Subject Name: Chemical System Modeling (Department Elective-II)Time: 10:30 am TO 01:00 pmInstructions:1. Attempt all questions.			
<ol> <li>Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.</li> <li>Figures to the right indicate full marks.</li> </ol>			
Q.1	(a) (b)	Derive the equation of continuity. Explain & Define: Independent variables, Dependent variables, Parameters, boundary conditions.	07 07
Q.2	(a) (b)	Define modeling. Explain the procedure for model development. Discuss in detail Classification of mathematical modeling. <b>OR</b>	07 07
	(b)	Discuss with block diagram stages in development of a complete mathematical model for a chemical process.	07
Q.3	(a)	For continuous solvent extraction by $\exists N \emptyset$ stages at steady state, derive equation for fraction extracted.	07
	(b)	Derive concentration profile model equation for a fixed bed catalytic reactor for non isothermal system. List all assumption made. <b>OR</b>	07
Q.3	<b>(a)</b>	Calculate the fraction of solute that could be extracted in a single stage solvent extraction using numerical. Values of S=10R, m=1/8 & c=0.15 kg/m <sup>3</sup> . Derive the relation used.	07
	(b)	Derive temperature profile model equation for a fixed bed catalytic reactor for adiabatic operation. List all assumption made.	07
Q.4	(a)	Derive dimensionless temperature profile for a Transverse Cooling fin of Triangular Cross Section.	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Derive model for counter current cooling of tanks. OR	07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain : Physical Modeling & Mathematical Modeling. 500 kg/hr of fluid having density 0.9 kg/lit & Cp= 1 kcal/ kg °c is being cooled by 2 identical tanks through counter current cooling water. If the pump of cooling water trips at time 0 mints find exit temp form tank no. 2 after 90 mints. The other relevant data is listed below: V= 800 lit $T_{1s}$ = exit temp. of tank 1= 120 °c $T_{2s}$ = exit temp. of tank 2= 70 °c $T_{o}$ = inlet temp = 200 °c	07 07
Q.5	(a) (b)	Derive model for Unsteady-state heat Transfer in a Tubular Gas Pre heater. Estimate the temp. at radious 50 mm for the following data. Outside diameter of pipe:=80 mm Outside radious of flange= 200 mm Thickness of flange= 30 mm Thermal conductivity= 85 kcal/hr m $^{0}$ c H.T.C. of air= 30 kcal/ hr m $^{20}$ c Air temp.= 35 $^{0}$ c	07 07

Pipe temp=  $225 \ ^{0}c$ 

Also estimate heat loss over the flange.

## OR

Q.5 (a) For a laminar flow of Newtonian fluid in a narrow slit formed by two parallel 07 walls at a distance 2B apart. Obtain following:

 (i) Momentum flux and velocity distribution equation.
 (ii) ratio of average velocity to maximum velocity for the flow.
 (b) Derive model for heat loss through pipe flanges.

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