

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE - SEMESTER-VI • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2014

Subject Code: 160804**Date: 28-05-2014****Subject Name: Electrical Machine Design****Time: 10:30 am - 01:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 (a) Deduce an expression for the m.m.f required for the air gap of an armature with slots and ducts. **07**

(b) Explain with necessary diagrams different cooling methods used for transformer. **07**

Q.2 (a) Define heating time constant and explain how it can be evaluated from heating curve. **07**

(b) State the advantages of hydrogen cooling in alternators. Explain radial and axial ventilation with the help of sketches. **07**

OR

(b) Deduce an expression for the design of core for Square and cruciform sections also state the reason why circular coils are always preferred in comparison to rectangular coils. **07**

Q.3 (a) Determine the dimension of the core and yoke for a 200 kVA, 50Hz single phase core type transformer. A cruciform core is used with distance between adjacent limbs equal to 1.6 times the width of core laminations. Assume: **07**

voltage per turn 14 V, maximum flux density 1.1 Wb/mm^2 .

window space factor .32, current density 3 amp/mm^2 and stacking factor = .9

The net iron area is $.56d^2$ in a cruciform core where d is the diameter of circumscribing circle. Also width of largest stamping is $.85d$

(b) Derive output equation of 3- Φ Transformer. Write significance of constant 'K'. **07**

OR

Q.3 (a) Show that for minimum total material cost of a 3-phase transformer the ratio (Weight of iron/Weight of copper) should be equal to the ratio (specific cost of Copper (Rs. /kg) / specific cost of iron ((Rs. /kg)) **07**

(b) Calculate the main dimensions of 125kVA 6.6/10kV, 50Hz single phase shell type transformer. Taking: Voltage per turn = 10V; flux density in core = 1.1 Wb/m^2 ; current density $J = 2 \text{ amp/mm}^2$; window space factor $K_w = .33$; stacking factor $K = .9$; height of Window $H_w = 3 \times \text{Width of window } W_w$ core depth = 2.5 width of central limb(2a); also find size of conductor. **07**

Q.4 (a) Define specific magnetic loading (B_{av}) and specific electric loading (a_c) and obtain an expression for the "output co-efficient for a d.c. machine. **07**

(b) Explain various factors affecting selection of Numbers of armature slots for D.C. machine. **07**

OR

Q.4 (a) What are the important considerations in choosing number of poles in D.C. machine **07**

(b) Explain the design procedure in the design of field windings for a D.C. shunt machine. **07**

Q.5 (a) Discuss the factors that determine the choice of air-gap in induction motor. **07**

(b) What are the factors that limit the design of an electrical machine? **07**

OR

Q.5 (a) Explain how eddy current loss occurs and derive an expression for eddy current loss in a magnetic material. **07**

(b) What are the factors that affect the size of rotating machines? (04) **07**
 Mention various factors on which brush friction loss depends.(03)
