

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE - SEMESTER-VII • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2014

Subject Code: 170903**Date: 05-06-2014****Subject Name: Power System Protection****Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 (a) Explain the principle of the directional relay with the help of an appropriate phasor diagram. Also, explain the significance of the maximum torque angle of the directional relay. **08**

(b) Discuss the important requirements to be satisfied by a protective system. **06**

Q.2 (a) Explain the construction and working of an over current relay. Hence define the terms PSM and TMS. How do the plug settings vary for a phase fault and an earth fault over current relay. **07**

(b) Define the following terms as applied to protective relays and systems: **07**
 Burden, Pick-up, Reset, Reach, CT ratio error, CT phase angle error, blind spot.

OR

(b) Discuss the effect of saturation on the performance of metering and protective Current transformers. **07**

Q.3 (a) Restricted earth fault protection is provided to alternators though it does not protect the complete winding against earth faults. Justify this type of protection. **07**

(b) Discuss why directional over current relays are used at the load end of parallel feeders. **07**

OR

Q.3 (a) Explain briefly the functions of a coupling capacitor, a line trap, transmitter and receiver in the carrier current protection of a transmission line. **07**

(b) State and explain the application of very inverse and extremely inverse over current relays. **07**

Q.4 (a) Discuss briefly the problems that arise in the application of differential protection of a power transformer and indicate the solutions employed. **07**

(b) List the type tests carried out on the relays. Discuss any three of them. **07**

OR

Q.4 (a) Explain the phenomenon of magnetizing inrush current in power transformers. Describe, with the help of a neat diagram, the method used for preventing tripping of the differential protection due to inrush of magnetizing current. **07**

(b) Discuss the principle of operation of a reactance type distance relay along with its characteristics on the R-X diagram. What type of directional feature is provided in the reactance relays and why? **07**

- Q.5** (a) Explain the basis of setting three step distance relays for the first, second and third zones of distance measurement. **07**
- (b) Draw the single line diagram of differential bus protection and explain the same. **07**
What are its limitations . How can they be overcome?

OR

- Q.5** (a) Explain the transverse differential protection scheme as used for the protection of generators from inter-turn faults. **07**
- (b) With the help of a block diagram, explain the organization of a numerical relay. **07**
