Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-V • EXAMINATION - SUMMER • 2015

			/05/2015	
Tir	-	Name: Process Instrumentation, Dynamics and Control 2.30pm-05:00pm Total Marks:	70	
		Attempt all questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.		
Q.1	(a)	Derive response equation for a mercury-in-glass thermometer system	07	
	(b)	subjected to unit step function. Define Laplace transform. Explain transform of following simple function: (i) step function (ii) exponential function	07	
Q.2	(a)	Define 'Stability' and find the stability of the system using Routh stability criterion having characteristic equation: $3S^4 + 10S^3 + 5S^2 + 5S + 2 = 0$	07	
	(b)	Define first order system. Derive transfer function of mixing tank with assumptions. OR	07	
(1	(b)	Derive a transfer function relating inlet and outlet flowrates of a liquid level system with linear resistance.	07	
Q.3	(a)	A thermometer with time constant 10 seconds and showing steady state temperature 35°C is suddenly immersed in an oil bath at 135°C. Find a) Temperature reading on thermometer after 10 sec? b) Time required for 80% response.	07	
	(b)	Define process dynamics. What are the differences between open and closed loop system?	07	
0.2	(a)	OR	0.	
Q.3	(a) (b)	Write short note on distributed control system. Discuss the transfer function for P, PI and PID controller.	07 07	
Q.4	(a)	What is the order of the U-tube manometer system? Derive the transfer function for U-tube manometer.	07	
	(b)	What are Bode diagrams? Explain the graphical rules for Bode diagrams. OR	07	
Q.4	(a)	Derive the equation of unit step response for critically damped second order system.	07	
	(b)	Explain Pneumatic control valve.	07	
Q.5	(a)	Mention various temperature measurement devices and explain pressure spring thermometers.	07	
	(b)	Explain bubbler system for liquid level measurement OR	07	
Q.5	(a) (b)	Explain the principle, construction and working of rotameter. Mention various pressure measurement devices and explain any one in detail.	07 07	
