

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**BE - SEMESTER-III (NEW) • EXAMINATION – SUMMER 2015**

**Subject Code: 2130502****Date: 04/06/2015****Subject Name: Fluid Flow Operation****Time: 02.30pm-05.00pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1 (a)** Describe the behavior of Newtonian and Non Newtonian fluid with the help of figure and example. **07**
- (b)** Derive the Bernoulli's equation without friction. **07**
- Q.2 (a)** Explain the principle and working of gravity decanter along with a neat sketch. Write the major equations. **07**
- (b)** Discuss the concept of hydrostatic equilibrium and derive mathematical condition of hydrostatic equilibrium. **07**
- OR**
- (b)** Discuss Reynolds number with reference to Reynolds experiment and its significance. **07**
- Q.3 (a)** Derive Hagen-Poiseuille Equation **07**
- (b)** Explain in detail : Drag and Drag Coefficient **07**
- OR**
- Q.3 (a)** What is Fluidization? Give its application in chemical process industries. **07**
- (b)** Explain fully developed flow. Also discuss concept of transition length for laminar and turbulent flow. **07**
- Q.4 (a)** What is meant by cavitation and priming? Explain the different characteristic curve of the centrifugal pump with neat sketches. **07**
- (b)** Sulfuric acid of density 1300 kg/m<sup>3</sup> is flowing through a pipe of 50mm ID. An orificemeter of 10mm diameter is fitted in the pipe. A mercury (sp. gr 13.6) manometer fitted to the system measures the differential pressure as 10cm. Calculate the mass flow rate of the acid in kg/hr. Assume orifice coefficient as 0.61. **07**
- OR**
- Q.4 (a)** Write a note on Gate valves and Globe Valves **07**
- (b)** Calculate the power to pump a liquid at the rate of 1.5 kg/s from a ground level tank at atmospheric pressure through a 50mm ID steel pipe to a overhead tank 3m above at 2 kg/cm<sup>2</sup> pressure. The distance between two tanks is 500m. Efficiency of the pump is 70%. The density and viscosity of the liquid is 1500 kg/m<sup>3</sup> and 20 cp respectively. Friction factor  $f = 16/NRe$ . **07**
- Q.5 (a)** With the help of a neat sketch explain the principle and working of a rotameter. **07**
- (b)** Give differences between pipes and tubes? What steps are taken for prevention of leakage around moving parts? **07**
- OR**
- Q.5 (a)** Explain boundary layer separation and wake formation. **07**
- (b)** Discuss the principle and working of a Reciprocating pump. **07**

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