GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE- IVth SEMESTER-EXAMINATION - MAY/JUNE- 2012

BE- IVth SEMESTER-EXAMINATION – MAY/JUNE- 2012 Subject code: 143403 Date: 29/05/2012

| | Tin Ins | oject Name: Fluid Mechanics and Machinery ne: 10:30 am – 01:00 pm tructions: 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. | |
|-----|------------|--|----------|
| Q.1 | (a) (b) | Define surface tension. Explain Surface tension on Liquid Droplet and Liquid Jet. Explain Buckingham's Π -theorem. How are the repeating variables selected for dimensional analysis? | 07 07 |
| Q.2 | (a) (b) | Explain the terms: (i) Kinematic and Dynamic viscosity and (iii) Newton's Law of viscosity Define capillarity. Obtain an expression for capillarity rise of a liquid. OR | 07 07 |
| | (b) | What do you understand by the terms: Major energy loss and minor energy losses in pipes? | 07 |
| Q.3 | (a) (b) | Derive Euler's equation of motion. How will you obtain Bernoulli's equation from it? The diameters of a pipe at the sections 1 and 2 are 10 cm and 15 cm respectively. Find the discharge through the pipe if the velocity of water flowing through the pipe at section 1 is 5 m/s. Determine also velocity at section 2. OR | 07 07 |
| Q.3 | (a) | A main pipe divides into two parallel pipes which again forms one pipe. The length and diameter for first parallel pipe are 2000 m and 1.0 m respectively, while the length and diameter for second parallel pipe are 2000 m and 0.8 m. Find the rate of flow in each parallel pipe, if total flow in the main is 3.0 m ³ /s. The co-efficient of friction for each parallel pipe is same and equal to 0.005. | 07 |
| | (b) | Explain Laminar boundary layer, turbulent boundary layer and boundary layer thickness. | 07 |
| Q.4 | (a) (b) | Define Similitude. Explain three types of similarities. Define Dimensionless numbers. Explain any three Dimensionless numbers. OR | 07 07 |
| Q.4 | (a) | A Pelton wheel has a mean bucket speed of 10 m/s with a jet of water flowing at the rate of 700 litres/s under a head of 30 m. The buckets deflect the jet through an angle of 160°. Calculate the power given by water to the runner and the hydraulic efficiency of the turbine. Assume co-efficient of velocity as 0.98. | 07 |
| | (b) | Explain main parts of a Radial Flow reaction turbine. | 07 |
| Q.5 | (a) (b) | Explain working principle of Kaplan turbine. A centrifugal pump is to discharge 0.118m³/s at a speed of 1450 r.p.m. against a head of 25m. The impeller diameter is 250 mm, its width at outlet is 50 mm and manometric efficiency is 75%. Determine the vane angle at the outer periphery of the impeller. OR | 07 07 |
| Q.5 | (a) (b) | Explain working principle of Rotary pump. Define Indicator diagram. How will you prove that area of indicator diagram is proportional to the work done by the reciprocating pump? *********************************** | 07 07 |

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