GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BE – SEMESTER – VI (OLD).EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016

Subject Code: 160202 Date: 27/10/2			
Subject Name: Automobile Heat TransferTime: 02:30 AM to 05:00 PMTotal Marks: 70Instructions:1. Attempt all questions.2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.			
Q.1	(a)	Derive the general heat conduction equation in Cartesian coordinates.	07
	(b)	Derive the energy equation for thermal boundary layer in usual notation.	07
Q.2	(a)	Derive an expression for the temperature distribution and heat dissipation from a fin insulated at the tip.	07
	(b)	Explain the following terms.(i) Efficiency of fin (ii) Effectiveness of fin (iii) Biot number	07
		OR	
	(b)	Explain the concept of critical thickness of insulation. How to decide the thickness of insulation for electrical wires and steam pipes.	07
Q.3	(a)	Discuss the modes of condensation. Why dropwise condensation is preferred?	07
	(b)	Show by dimensional analysis that Nusselt number is a function of Grashoff number and Prandtl number for natural convection heat transfer.	07
		OR	
Q.3	(a)	Explain briefly any three of the following [i] Plank's distribution law [ii] Wein's displacement law [iii] Surface irradiation [iv] Kirchoff's law of radiation	07
	(b)	Pin fin is provided to increase the heat transfer rate from furnace wall which of the following arrangment will give higher heat transfer rate? Take $t_o = 230^{\circ}$ C. (1) 6-fin of 10 cm long (2) 12-fin of 5 cm long Take k = 200 W/m ² K, h = 20 W/m-K, c/s area of fin = 2 cm ² , perimeter of fin = 4 cm, surrounding air temperature = 30° C = t_a	07

- Q.4 (a) Discuss the various regimes of boiling and explain the condition for the growth 07 of bubbles.
 - 1

(b) Assuming the sun to be a black body having a surface temperature of 5800 K, Calculate (a) the total emissive power, (b) the wavelength at which the maximum spectral intensity occur, (c) the maximum value of $E_{b\lambda}$, (d) the total amount of radiant energy emitted by the sun per unit time if it's diameter can be assumed to be 1.391 x 10⁹ m.

OR

- Q.4 (a) Explain the following terms: 07

 NTU
 Effectiveness of heat exchanger
 Overall heat transfer coefficient.

 (b) Differentiate between followings: 07
 - 1) Direct and non-contact type heat exchanger
 - 2) Recuperator and regenerator

Construction and working of a radiator cap.

- Q.5 (a) Describe in brief construction and working of radiators used in cooling of IC 07 Engines. Which are the main parameters used in their design.
 - **(b)**

07

In a double pipe counter flow heat exchanger, oil (Cp=1.45 W/mk) is cooled from 230°C to 160°C using water (Cp=4.187 kJ/kgk) fom 25°C to 65°C. The mass flow rate of oil is 0.9 kg/sec. Take overall heat transfer coefficient t_s =420 W/m²k. Calculate the heat transfer rate, mass flow rate of water and surface area of heat exchanger.

OR

- Q.5 (a) Derive an expression for log mean temperature difference for a parallel flow 07 heat exchanger
 (b) What are the functions of cap which is used on a radiator? Explain 07
