

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****BE - SEMESTER-III(New) • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016****Subject Code:2133502****Date:04/01/2017****Subject Name:Analytical Techniques****Time:10:30 AM to 01:00 PM****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

		<b>MARKS</b>
<b>Q.1</b>	<b>Short Questions</b>	<b>14</b>
	1 Define the term: mass spectroscopy	
	2 Define the term: auxochrome	
	3 What is reverse phase chromatography?	
	4 Which indicator is used in redox titration?	
	5 What is Gradient Elution?	
	6 Full form of TGA.	
	7 Define the term : Red shift	
	8 Which solvents are mostly used in UV spectroscopy?	
	9 What is determinate error?	
	10 Which internal reference is used in NMR spectroscopy?	
	11 Define the term: Volumetric Estimation.	
	12 Name the various types of stretching vibrations.	
	13 What is the range of IR radiations?	
	14 Define the term: Base peak.	
<b>Q.2</b>	(a) Write a note on detector used in GC.	<b>03</b>
	(b) What are absorption laws? How is an ultraviolet spectrum plotted?	<b>04</b>
	(c) Discuss theory and instrumentation of HPLC.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
	(c) Describe in detail the instrumentation for scanning the mass spectrum of an organic compound.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Enlist method of preparation of TLC plates.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Write a short note on chemical shift.	<b>04</b>
	(c) What is good laboratory practices? Explain in detail.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q.3</b>	(a) Explain reciprocating pump used in HPLC.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Define various ways of expression of concentration and its importance in analytical techniques.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Enlist various applications of IR spectroscopy.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) Enlist different types of errors.	<b>03</b>
	(b) Explain EDTA titration with procedure and calculation.	<b>04</b>
	(c) Analysis of sample gave following values of Al content: 30.12, 30.15, 30.10, 30.13, 30.11 and 30.14. Calculate the mean, median, standard deviation, coefficient of variance and range.	<b>07</b>
	<b>OR</b>	
<b>Q.4</b>	(a) How will you distinguish cis 1,2- dichloro ethane and trans 1,2-dichloro ethane by IR spectrum?	<b>03</b>
	(b) Define the term: post precipitation	<b>04</b>
	(c) Write classification of chromatography and elaborate it with Paper chromatography.	<b>07</b>
<b>Q.5</b>	(a) Explain importance of temperature programing in GC.	<b>03</b>

- (b) Write a short note on Nitrogen rule. **04**
- (c) An organic compound (molecular formula :C<sub>9</sub>H<sub>10</sub>O<sub>2</sub>) exhibits the following spectral data: **07**
- IR: 1745 cm<sup>-1</sup> (s), 1225 cm<sup>-1</sup> (br, s), 749 cm<sup>-1</sup> (s); 697 cm<sup>-1</sup> (s)
- UV: λ<sub>max</sub> at 268 nm, 264 nm, 262 nm, 257 nm
- NMR: 1.96 δ (3H, singlet), 5.00 δ (2H,singlet), 7.22 δ (5H,singlet)
- Deduce the structure of the compound.

**OR**

- Q.5** (a) Write a short note on guard column. **03**
- (b) Define the term: TQM **04**
- (c) Define the term: co-precipitation. Explain Gravimetric estimation of Ni. **07**

\*\*\*\*\*