Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

BE - SEMESTER-V • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2013

	U	Code: 152204 Date: 02-12-2013	
Tiı	•	Name: Advance Mine Surveying 0.30 am - 01.00 pm Total Marks: 70	
ms		Attempt all questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
Q.1	(a)	What is compound curve? Give the elements of a compound curve with a neat sketch.	07
	(b)	What is photographic survey? Discuss the photograph versus maps.	07
Q.2	(a)	Define GIS, GPS and remote sensing? Give application of GIS in surveying and computation.	07
	(b)	Write a short note on Weisbach Triangle. OR	07
	(b)	Define correlation survey. What are the purpose of correlation surveying in mines? Enumerate the different methods of correlation of surface and U/G surveys.	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Explain Mining suspension compass with clinometers and transit. Give the legal requirements as to mine plans in India. OR	07 07
Q.3	(a)	List out the methods of enlarging and reduction of plans. Explain Eidograph and Pantagraph with neat sketches.	07
	(b)	Explain preparation and preservation of plans and sections.	07
Q.4	(a)	What do you mean by mine models? List out different mine models. Explain any three.	07
	(b)	Explain correlation with gyro-theodolite with its uses and advantages. OR	07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Write a note on measurement for the scale of a vertical photograph. Explain the setting out of simple curves by chords and angles.	07 07
Q.5	(a)	Explain Hanging compass and miner's dial with its applicability in mining and its method of working.	07
	(b)	A level roadway in a seam encounters an upthrow fault bearing at right-angles to the road, from a point A 50m back from the fault a cross-measure drift is driven at an inclination of 1 vertical to $3^{1/2}$ horizontal. The length of this drift to the seam on the upthrow side of the fault is 250m. A road is driven back from this point to the fault, the distance of driving being 165m. Find the throw, hade and want of the fault.	07
Q.5	(a)	OR Write a sort note on planimeter and its uses with neat sketch.	07
ν	(a) (b)	Three boreholes X, Y and Z have been put down to a coal seam, Y is S 10°W and Z is S 52°W from X. Horizontal distance XY=550m and XZ=270m. The surface levels of the boreholes are same. The depth to the coal seam at points X, Y and Z are 125m, 175m and 179m respectively. Calculate the direction and rate of full dip of the seam.	07
