

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
BE - SEMESTER-VI • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2013

Subject Code: 162005**Date: 04-12-2013****Subject Name: Electromechanical Measurements and Instruments****Time: 02:30 pm to 05:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Explain a block diagram of Generalized Measurement System with its functional elements in detail. Show a block diagram of pressure measurement using a Bourdon tube pressure gauge. **07**
- (b) Describe the construction and working of PMMC instrument with neat sketch and its torque equation. **07**
- Q.2** (a) Explain the following transducers in detail. **07**
 (i) LVDT. (ii) Thermocouple.
- (b) What does dynamometer measure? Explain clearly the difference between absorption, transmission and driving type dynamometer. How does a mechanical friction dynamometer differ from a hydraulic friction dynamometer? **07**
- OR**
- (b) What are “Systematic errors”? Explain briefly the following systematic errors: **07**
 (i) Instrumental errors
 (ii) Environmental errors
- Q.3** (a) (i) Differentiate between the terms “Accuracy” and “Precision” with Suitable examples. **07**
 (ii) Formulate the governing equation for a second-order system and spring mass system with damping.
- (b) Describe in detail the “thermoelectric laws” (for thermocouples) and use of these laws. **07**
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) The following readings are taken of a certain physical length with the help of micrometer screw : **07**
 1.41, 1.45, 1.63, 1.54, 1.49, 1.51, 1.60, 1.55, 1.47, 1.65 mm
 Assuming that only random errors are present, calculate the arithmetic mean, the average deviation, standard deviation, variance and the probable error of the reading.
- (b) A barium titanate pick-up has the dimension of 5mm x 5mm x 1.25mm. The force action on it 5 N. The charge sensitivity of barium titanate is 150 pC/N and its permittivity is 12.5×10^{-9} F/m. If the modulus of elasticity of barium titanate is 12×10^6 N/m², calculate the strain. Also calculate the charge and the capacitance. **07**
- Q.4** (a) What is load cell and prove that the sensitivity of a column type load cell is $2(1+\mu)$ times greater than the highest sensitivity achieved with a single active strain gauge in a quarter bridge. **07**
- (b) Distinguish between and give appropriate examples in each case: **07**
 (i) Hysteresis and Dead zone and (ii) Threshold and Resolution

OR

- Q.4 (a)** Explain the term “standardization” of a d.c. potentiometer in detail with suitable example. **07**
- (b)** Distinguish between and give appropriate example in each case: **07**
(i) Range and span
(ii) Error and accuracy
- Q.5 (a)** Describe different principle of operations of capacitive transducers with suitable example. **07**
- (b)** What are the different difficulties encountered in the measurement of high resistance? Explain the working of a Megohm bridge with neat diagram. **07**
- OR**
- Q.5 (a)** Give types of electrical filters and explain it. **07**
- (b)** Discuss the importance of time constant in appropriate measuring instrument. **07**
A thermometer is initially at a temperature of 20 °C and is suddenly plunged into a liquid bath, which is maintained at 150°C. the thermometer indicated 95°C after time interval of 3 seconds. Estimate the time constant for the thermometer.
Also calculate the indicated temperature after 5 time constants and comment upon this result.
