

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**  
**BE - SEMESTER-VII • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2013**

**Subject Code: 171004****Date: 28-11-2013****Subject Name: Wireless Communication****Time: 10:30 TO 01:00****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Explain the following terms with respect to wireless networks: **06**  
 (i) Frequency Reuse (ii) Co-channel interference (iii) handoff (iv) Umbrella cell approach v) Dwell time vi) Cell dragging
- (b) Explain (i) Concept of frequency reuse (ii) 2G and 3G wireless networks. **06**
- (c) Why is hexagonal cell shape preferred over square or triangular cell shape to represent the cellular architecture **02**
- Q.2** (a) Calculate the total available channels for a cellular system having a total bandwidth of 60MHz which uses two 50 kHz simplex channels to provide full duplex voice and control channels. Assume that the system has nine cell reuse pattern and 1 MHz of the total BW is allocated for control channels, determine an equitable distribution of control channels. Also calculate the number of the control channels and voice channels/cell. Assume the area of the cell is 9 Sq Km and the area of the entire system is 3630 Sq Km. If the cluster size is reduced to 4, what is the system capacity. Comment on this. **07**
- (b) Prove that for a hexagonal symmetry, the co-channel reuse ratio is given by  $Q = \sqrt{3N}$ . **07**
- OR**
- (b) Illustrate the principle of cell splitting in a cellular system. Prove that the transmit power of the microcell must be reduced by 12 dB in order to fill in the original coverage area with microcells, while maintaining the S/I requirement for the path loss exponent  $n=4$ . **07**
- Q.3** (a) Discuss the fixed channel allocation, Channel borrowing and dynamic channel allocation techniques in cellular systems. **07**
- (b) Explain the three basic propagation mechanisms which impact the propagation of signal in a mobile environment. **07**
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) Compare the S/I ratio for a mobile radio for the following cases of cellular system with frequency reuse factor of 7 for (i) Omni directional antenna (ii)  $120^\circ$  Directional antennas. **07**
- (b) Explain free space propagation of radio signal. Establish the relation for the received power in free space. Define path loss in free space. Calculate the received power at a distance of 3 KM from the transmitter if the path loss exponent  $\alpha$  is 4. Assume that the transmitting power of 4 W at 1800MHz, a shadow effect of 10.5 dB, and the path loss at a reference distance ( $d_0=100$  m) of -32dB. What is the allowable path loss? **07**

- Q.4** (a) Draw the block diagram of the reference architecture of GSM and explain the function of each subsystem **07**
- (b) Explain (i) The effects of multipath fading **07**  
(ii) Doppler spectrum  
(iii) Multipath delay spread
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) With the aid of block diagrams, explain in detail the IS-95 CDMA forward and reverse channels and compare the two **07**
- (b) What is meant by Hand off and explain different Hand off strategies How handoff operation is performed while mobile moves into a different cell while a conversation is in progress. Discuss the cases for proper and improper handoff situations. **07**
- Q.5** (a) Describe GPRS system architecture. **07**
- (b) Comparison of TDMA and CDMA multiple Access Techniques in detail. **07**
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) Discuss the need and features of Ad hoc wireless network **05**
- (b) List the security issues of wireless networks. **03**
- (c) Write a brief note on OFDM. **06**

\*\*\*\*\*