GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY **BE - SEMESTER-IV • EXAMINATION - WINTER • 2014**

Subject Code: 140601

Subject Name: Advanced Surveying

Total Marks: 70

Date: 22-12-2014

Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 0.1 What are the purposes of tacheometic surveying? (a)
 - Explain stadia method of techeometry. **(b)**
 - (c) The following observations were made using a tacheometer fitted with an anallatic 07 lens, the multiplying constant being 100 and additive constant is 0 and the staff held vertically

	Height of Inst.	Staff station	WCB	Vertical angle	Hair readings	Remarks
	IIISt.	А	30° 30'	4° 30'	1.155,1.755,2.355	RL of O
Ο	1.550	B	75° 30'	10° 15'	1.250,2.000,2.750	= 150.00

Calculate the distance AB and the RLs of A and B. Find also the gradient of the line AB.

- What is triangulation? Explain principle of triangulation. **O.2** 07 (a)
 - Explain with sketches different triangulation figures. **(b)**

OR

- What is satellite station? Discuss the method of reduction of horizontal angle to 07 **(b)** center.
- Define: Direct observation, conditioned quantity, true valve, true error, most 0.3 **(a)** 07 probable error, residual error, and observed equation.
 - Two triangulation stations A and B are 50 kilometers apart and have elevations 07 **(b)** 235 m and 250 m respectively. Find the minimum height of signal required at B so that the line of sight may not pass near the ground 3 meters. The intervening ground may be assumed to have uniform elevation of 200 meters.

OR

What is weight of a quantity? Discuss various laws of weights. 07 Q.3 (a) Adjust the following angles closing the horizon: 07 **(b)** A = 112° 20′ 47 " wt. 2 $B = 90^{\circ} 30' 15''$ wt. 3 $C = 58^{\circ} 12' 05''$ wt. 1 D = 98°57'01"wt. 4

- Q.4 **(a)** Define: Zenith, nadir, horizon, prime vertical, celestial poles, vertical circle, and 07 ecliptic.
 - Prove that altitude of pole is equal to latitude of observer. 07 **(b)** OR

0.4 Explain the scale of vertical photographs. (a)

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(b)	Calculate height of microwave tower appearing in a vertical photograph. The			
	distance of the tower in photograph from principal point is 6.03 cm and relief			
	1			
	displacement measured is 0.603 cm, the datum scale of photo is $\overline{11000}$ and the			
	I I			
	10 called 01 called $1 - 20$ cm.			
(a)	Explain components of remote sensing.	07		
(b)	Explain the interaction of EM energy with earth surface features.	07		
	OR			
(a)	Define GIS. Explain the objectives of GIS.	07		
()	1 5	07		
(0)	Discuss the upplication of one in orth engineering discipline.	07		

	(a)	 distance of the tower in photograph from principal point is 6.03 cm and relief displacement measured is 0.603 cm. the datum scale of photo is 11000 and the focal distance of camera f = 20 cm. (a) Explain components of remote sensing. (b) Explain the interaction of EM energy with earth surface features. OR (a) Define GIS. Explain the objectives of GIS. (b) Discuss the application of GIS in civil engineering discipline. 		