•		GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY BPHARM – SEMESTER I • EXAMINATION – SUMMER - 2013 ode: 2220002 Date: 31-05-20 fame: Pharmaceutical Chemistry-II	13
•	Time: 02:30 pm to 05:30 pmTotal Marks: 70		
Instr			
		Attempt all questions.	
		Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a	<ol> <li>Justify following sentences.</li> <li>Finely powdered substance is more effective adsorbent.</li> <li>High molecularity reactions are very rare.</li> <li>Upon addition of non-electrolyte substance, boiling point is elevated.</li> </ol>	06
	(b (c		05 05
Q.2	(a (b	) Define half-life of a reaction. Prove that half-life of first order reaction is independent of the initial concentration.	06 05
	(c	) 50% of a first order reaction is completed in 100 seconds. How long will it take for the reaction to be completed 75%?	05
Q.3	(a	) Derive Langmuir adsorption isotherm equation. Discuss behavior of Langmuir adsorption isotherm at very low and very high pressure.	06
	(b	Chemical adsorption.	05 05
	(c	) Explain: Fluorescence, Phosphorescence and Chemiluminescence.	05
Q.4	(a	the molecular weight from depression of freezing point.	06
	(b (c		05 05
Q.5	(a	) Explain the term Surface tension. What is the effect of temperature on surface tension of a liquid? Discuss drop weight method to determine surface tension of a liquid.	06
	(b	) Define viscosity. Write units used to express viscosity. Discuss	05
	(c	<ul><li>pharmaceutical applications of viscosity.</li><li>Write a note on Optical rotation.</li></ul>	05
Q. 6	(a	<ul> <li>Explain following terms. (Any three)</li> <li>1. Joule-Thomson Effect</li> <li>2. Entropy</li> <li>3. Molar Heat Capacity</li> <li>4. Enthalpy</li> </ul>	06
	(b (c		05 05
Q.7	(a	) Define following terms. 1. Activation energy	06

- 2. Quantum yield
- 3. Refractive Index
- 4. Partition co-efficient
- 5. Colligative property
- 6. Adiabatic process
- (b) State and explain Beer-Lambert's Law for photochemical reaction.
- (c) The heat of combustion of ethylene at constant volume and at  $17^{\circ}$ C is -332.19 kcals. Calculate its heat of combustion at constant pressure

considering water to be in liquid state. (R= 2 cal degree<sup>-1</sup> mol<sup>-1</sup>)  $C_2H_{4 (g)} + 3O_{2 (g)} \longrightarrow 2CO_{2 (g)} + 2H_2O (1)$ \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* 05

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