GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY B. PHARM. - SEMESTER - VII • EXAMINATION - WINTER 2012

Subject code: 270005 Date: 05/01/2013 Subject Name: Pharmacognosy- VI (Herbal Drug Technology) Time: 10.30 am - 01.30 pm **Total Marks: 80**

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt any five questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- What is Chromatography? Name different types of Chromatographic methods. **O**. 1 (A) (06)Describe the simplest and the cheapest chromatographic method (TLC) giving its applications.
 - Describe important parts of HPLC. Discuss importance of HPLC in evaluation of **(B)** (05)Crude drugs.
 - What is HPTLC? What are different parts of HPTLC system? How it differs from (C) (05)TLC? For evaluation of Crude drugs, What is better HPTLC or HPLC? Why?
- What is marine Pharmacognogy? Name important anti-inflammatory and anticancer Q.2 (A) (06)compounds derived from marine sources giving their biological sources and structures.
 - What is chemotaxonomy? Giving suitable examples. explain importance of (B) (05)chemotaxonomy to a pharmacognosist. (05)
 - Discuss importance of marine Pharmacognosy and its future. (C)
- What are natural allergens? Describe different types of natural allergens giving their Q.3 (06)(A) effects.
 - What are Photosensitising agents. Give names and sources of different **(B)** (05)photosensitizing agents. Explain mechanism of their action.
 - (C) What are pesticides? Name different types of natural insecticides and herbicides (05)giving their sources and activity. Discuss their advantages. What is their position in India?

(06)

(05)

(05)

(05)

- Q.4 Write a note on Herbal cosmetics. (A)
 - Write a note on Plant sweetners. (B)
 - Write a note on Plant bitters. (C)
- Give Biological source, family, active constituents and uses different plants which Q.5 (06)(A) are used Shankhpushpi in different parts of the country.
 - Draw and describe morphological difference between Conolvullus pluricaulis and (B) (05)Evolvullus alsinoids.
 - Write a short note on Guggul. (C)
- Q.6 Give biological source, family, active constituents and uses different plants which (A) (06)are used Punarnava. Give morphological difference between Satodi and Satodo.
 - Give Biological source, family, active constituents and uses of Talispatra and (B) (05)Ashoka.
 - (C) Give Biological source, family, active constituents and uses of Gokhru and (05)Kanchnar.
- Q.7 Name biological sources, family, active constituents and uses of plants which are (06)(A) used as Brahmi. Give morphological difference between two plants which are used as Brahmi.
 - Name different plants which are used as Rasna. Give biological sources, families, **(B)** (05)active constituents and uses these plants.
 - Name different species of plants which are used as Nagarmotha. Give active (05) (C) constituents and uses of Nagarmotha.