Seat No.:	Enrolment No.
Deat 110	Linoinent 110.

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

**BPHARM – SEMESTER II • EXAMINATION – WINTER - 2013** 

Subject code: 2220003 Date: 18-12-2013

**Subject Name: Pharmaceutical Analysis-II** 

Time: 10:30 am to 01:30 pm Total Marks: 80

## **Instructions:**

- 1. Attempt any five questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

(a)	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of instrumental analytical methods. Classify various instrumental analytical methods.	06
(b)		05
(-)	* * *	
(c)	<u>.</u>	05
` /	(i) Asymmetric factor (ii) Resolution (iii) Dead time (iv)	
	Retention time (v) HETP	
(a)	Describe the principle of paper chromatography and discuss its various development techniques.	06
(b)	Write a note on size exclusion chromatography and Ion exchange	05
	chromatography.	
(c)	Discuss different steps involved in thin layer chromatography.	05
(a)	Classify electroanalytical methods of analysis.	06
(b)	Explain about kohlrausch law and its application.	05
(c)	Discuss factors affecting conductance.	05
(a)	Explain about reference electrode and discuss calomel electrode.	06
(b)	Discuss the principle, advantages and application of potentiometric titration.	05
(c)	Write the factors affecting limiting current and diffusion current.	05
(a)	Write a note on dropping mercury electrode.	06
(b)	Write a short note on amperometric titration.	05
(c)	Enumerate various pulse polarographic techniques. Explain in detail about differential pulse polarography.	05
(a)	Write a note on differential scanning calorimetry.	06
(b)	Explain principle and applications of polarimetry.	05
(c)	Explain about specific rotations and optical rotatory dispersion.	05
(a)	Write note on continuous extraction.	06
(b)	Describe in detail the oxygen combustion flask method.	05
(c)	Write note on gasometric method.	05
	(b) (c) (a) (b) (c)	methods. Classify various instrumental analytical methods.  (b) Define chromatography. Describe the theories of chromatographic separation of the components.  (c) Define following terminology.  (i) Asymmetric factor (ii) Resolution (iii) Dead time (iv) Retention time (v) HETP  (a) Describe the principle of paper chromatography and discuss its various development techniques.  (b) Write a note on size exclusion chromatography and Ion exchange chromatography.  (c) Discuss different steps involved in thin layer chromatography.  (a) Classify electroanalytical methods of analysis.  (b) Explain about kohlrausch law and its application.  (c) Discuss factors affecting conductance.  (a) Explain about reference electrode and discuss calomel electrode.  (b) Discuss the principle, advantages and application of potentiometric titration.  (c) Write the factors affecting limiting current and diffusion current.  (a) Write a note on dropping mercury electrode.  (b) Write a short note on amperometric titration.  (c) Enumerate various pulse polarographic techniques. Explain in detail about differential pulse polarography.  (a) Write a note on differential scanning calorimetry.  (b) Explain about specific rotations and optical rotatory dispersion.  (a) Write note on continuous extraction.  (b) Describe in detail the oxygen combustion flask method.

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