## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY** MCA Integrated - SEMESTER-I • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2015

MCA Integrated - SEMILSTER-I · EXAMINATION - SUMMER · 2015			
Subject Code: 4410604Date: 12-05-2015Subject Name: Basic Mathematics for ITTime: 10:30 am - 01:00 pmTime: 10:30 am - 01:00 pmTotal Marks: 70Instructions:1. Attempt all questions.2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.			
Q.1	(a)	<ol> <li>Define the following terms         <ol> <li>Power Set</li> <li>Modulus of a vector</li> <li>Proposition</li> <li>Equivalence Relation</li> <li>Coinitial Vectors</li> <li>Diagonal Matrix</li> <li>Circle</li> </ol> </li> </ol>	07
	(b)	I) If $U = \{x/x \in N, x \ddot{O}10\}$ $A = \{x/x \in N, x \text{ is even integer, } 1\ddot{O}x \ddot{O}10\}$ $B = \{2, 3, 5, 7\}$ $C = \{1, 5, 6, 8, 10\}$	04
		Find (i) A' (ii) A $\circ$ B (iii) A $\cap$ (B' - C) (iv) A $\circ$ (B $\cap$ C') II) Construct a truth table for each of following compound propositions. (i) $p \rightarrow (\sim q \lor r)$ (ii) $(\sim p \leftrightarrow \sim q) \leftrightarrow (q \leftrightarrow r)$ (iii) $(p \rightarrow q) \land (\sim p \rightarrow r)$	03
Q.2	(a)	Verify that $A(BC) = (AB)C$ for the following matrices $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad C = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & -1 \\ 2 & 2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$	07
	(b)		07
	(b)	Solve the following system of linear equations by Gauss elimination method. 5x - y + z = 10 2x + 4y = 12 x + y + 5z = -1	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Give a direct proof of õIf n is an odd integer, then $n^2$ is odd.ö Using mathematical induction show that if n is a positive integer, then $1 + 2 + 2^2 + i + 2^n = 2^{n+1} - 1$ <b>OR</b>	07 07
Q.3	(a)	Prove that $\tilde{o}$ if n is an integer and $n^2$ is odd, then n is odd $\tilde{o}$ using proof by	07
	(b)	contraposition. Answer the following questions. Justify your answer with proper explanation. (i) How many cards must be selected from a standard deck of 52 cards to	04

Answer the following questions. Justify your answer with proper explanation.
 (i) How many cards must be selected from a standard deck of 52 cards to guarantee that at least three cards of the same suit are chosen?

(ii) How many cards must be selected to guarantee that at least three hearts 03 are selected? Q.4 (a) Find the first six terms of the sequence defined by following recurrence relations 07 and initial conditions  $a_{n=}a_{n-1} - a_{n-2}$  $a_{0} = 2$  $a_1 = -1$ **(b)** How many positive integers less than 1000 07 are divisible by 7? (i) (ii) are divisible by 7 but not by 11? (iii) are divisible by both 7 and 11? are divisible by either 7 or 11? (iv) (v) are divisible by neither 7 nor 11? have distinct digits? (vi) have distinct digits and are even? (vii) OR Let  $a_n = 2^n + 5 \mathbf{\acute{E}}^n$ for n = 0, 1, 2, 3, iQ.4 **(a)** 05 (i) Find  $a_0, a_1, a_2, a_3 a_{nd} a_4$ (ii) 02 Show that  $a_2 = 5a_1 - 6a_0$ How many positive integers between 1000 and 9999 inclusive **(b)** 07 are divisible by 9? (i) (ii) are even? (iii) have distinct digits? (iv) are not divisible by 3? are divisible by 5 or 7? (v) (vi) are not divisible by either 5 or 7? are divisible by 5 and 7? (vii) Q.5 Find the equation of the circle passing through the points (5, -8), (-2, 9) and 07 **(a)** (2, 1)(b) Find the angle between the vectors 3i + j + 2k and  $2i \circ 2j + 4k$ 07 OR Q.5 Find the area of the triangle, the co-ordinates of whose vertices are 07 **(a)** (1, 3), (1, 2), (-1, 1)Show that the points (8,-10), (7,-3) and (0, -4) are the vertices of a right 07 (b) triangle.

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