

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**M. E. - SEMESTER – I • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2013****Subject code: 710905N****Date: 17-06-2013****Subject Name: Tribology****Time: 10.30 am – 01.00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

Q.1 (a) Explain the different configurations of hydrodynamic journal bearings with neat sketches (atleast five). **07**

(b) Explain the effect of C/d ratio and L/d ratio on the performance of hydrodynamic journal bearing. **07**

Q.2 (a) Explain the EHD lubrication in detail. **07**

(b) Derive the formula for load carrying capacity of hydrostatic bearing with rectangular step (slot) **07**

$$Q = \frac{pbh^3}{12l}$$

OR

(b) The hydrostatic thrust bearing (circular) of a generator consists of six pads has the following data: **07**

Total thrust load = 450 kN

shaft diameter = 400 mm

Viscosity of the lubricant = 30 cP

recess diameter = 250 mm

Shaft speed = 750 r.p.m.

Find (i) supply pressure (ii) the optimum film thickness for minimum power loss.

Q.3 (a) Discuss the different bearing materials. **07**

(b) Classify the lubricants. Explain the different types of grease stating their properties and specific uses. **07**

OR

Q.3 (a) Explain the following : **07**

i. Recycling of used oil.

ii. Gear lubricants.

(b) List and explain the factors affecting selection of bearing materials. **07**

Q.4 (a) Discuss the cases on lubrication problems faced at extreme high temperature environmental conditions. **07**

(b) Design a journal bearing from the given specifications: **07**

Load on journal = 7 kN

Diameter of journal = 50 mm

Speed of journal = 1800 rpm

Clearance ratio = 0.001

Permissible bearing pressure = 1.4 N/mm²

L/d ratio = 2

Ambient temperature = 35 °C.

Z.N / p = 28 (where p is MPa),

Operating temperature = 75 °C.

Temperature rise for oil is limited to 10 °C

Oil SAE10 Viscosity at 75 °C = 0.011 kg/m-sec

Heat dissipation coefficient = 1230 W/ m²/ °C

Specific heat of oil = 1900 J/Kg/ °C

OR

- Q.4 (a)** The following data refers to a 360° hydrodynamic bearing: **07**
 Journal diameter = 50 mm Bearing length = 50 mm
 Radial load = 3.2 kN Journal speed = 1490 r.p.m.
 Radial clearance = 0.05 mm oil viscosity = 25 cP
 Find the minimum oil film thickness, friction coefficient, oil flow, temperature rise and power lost in churning.

<u>l/d</u>	<u>h_0/c</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>CFV = $f(r/c)$</u>	<u>FV = $Q/rcnl$</u>
1	0.4	0.121	3.22	4.33
	0.6	0.264	5.79	3.99
	0.8	0.631	12.8	3.59

- (b)** Derive Reynold's equation for hydrodynamic journal bearing for three dimensional flow. **07**
- Q.5 (a)** Explain the following surface characteristics: **07**
 Sampling length, waviness and surface roughness.
- (b)** Explain wear particle analysis ferrography. **07**
- OR**
- Q.5 (a)** Explain the design of variable speed drive elements. **07**
- (b)** Write a detailed note on coating for wear resistance. **07**
