GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

M. E. - SEMESTER - II • EXAMINATION - SUMMER • 2014

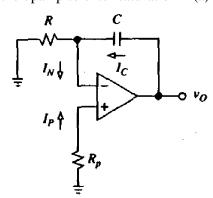
Subject code: 1720302 Date: 18-06-2014

Subject Name: Advance Instrumentation

Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) What is the significance of Instrumentation amplifier? Discuss the various 07 configuration of instrumentation amplifier.
 - (b) Explain transducer bridge amplifiers in detail. 07
- Q.2 (a) Draw and explain differentiating circuit with output equation and input-output waveform.
 - (b) Describe voltage to current converter with floating and grounded load. 07
 - (b) Derive an equation for output impendence of non-inverting operational amplifier. 07
- Q.3 (a) Explain Tow-Thomas filter with its neat circuit diagram. 07
 - (b) In the circuit shown in fig (1), let R=100 Ká, C=1nF, and $V_O(0)=0V$. Assuming an op-amp with $I_B=50$ nA, $I_{OS}=20$ nA, and $\pm V_{sat}=\pm 15V$. Find how long it takes for the opamp to enter saturation if (a) $R_p=0$ and (b) $R_p=R$



- Q.3 (a) Design a multiple feedback band-pass filter with $f_0 = 2KHz$, Q=10, and $H_0 = 07$ 30DB. Also draw the circuit.
 - **(b)** Draw and explain band pass KRC filter with its equation with Q factor.
- Q.4 (a) Explain the significance of SC (Switched Capacitor) filter with its practical limitation.
 - **(b)** Design 7^{th} order Butterworth high pass filter for $f_C = 3$ Khz and $H_0 = 0$ dB. **07**
- Q.4 (a) Discuss various techniques for input offset error compensation in an op-amp. 07
 - (b) Describe a fifth-order 1.0-dB Chebyshev high-pass filter with fc = 360 Hz and high frequency gain H0 adjustable from 0 to 20 dB. Use equal capacitances throughout.
- Q.5 (a) Describe the effect of finite GBP on integrator circuit.

07

| (b) | A 741C Opamp with $\pm 15 V$ supplies is configured as a noninverting amplifier with a gain of 10 V/V. (a) If the ac input amplitude is $V_{im} = 0.5 V$, what is the maximum frequency before the output distorts? (b) If $f = 10$ KHz, what is the maximum value of V_{im} before the output distorts? (c) If $V_{im} = 40$ mV, what is the useful frequency range of operation? (d) If $f = 2$ KHz, what is the useful input amplitude range? | 07 |
|------------|---|----------|
| (a) (b) | Explain different sources of noise in detail. Discuss internal frequency compensation of an Opamp. | 07 07 |

Q.5