

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****M. E. - SEMESTER – I • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2014****Subject Code: 712101****Date: 13-06-2014****Subject Name: Applied Thermodynamics and Heat Transfer****Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Derive the maximum work obtainable from a finite body at temperature  $T$  and TER at temperature  $T_0$ . **07**
- (b) Derive the expression for temperature distribution along the length of the fin insulated at tip. **07**
- Q.2** (a) Write Waal's equation. Find the value of co-efficient of volume expansion and isothermal compressibility  $k$  using this equation. **07**
- (b) Derive the expression for temperature distribution during Newtonian heating or cooling. **07**
- OR**
- (b) Derive the expression for availability associated with the fluid stream from open system in steady state condition. **07**
- Q.3** (a) Derive Maxwell's equations. **07**
- (b) 25 kg of water at  $95^\circ\text{C}$  is mixed with  $35^\circ\text{C}$ . find decrease in available energy. **07**  
 $T_{\text{atm}} = 15^\circ\text{C}$  and  $C_p$  for water is  $4.2\text{ kJ/kg K}$ .
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) Explain that violation of Clausius statement violates Kelvin plank statement and vice versa. **07**
- (b) In a steam turbine the steam enters at 50 bar  $600^\circ\text{C}$  and 150 m/s and leaves as saturated vapour at 0.1 bar, 50 m/s. during expansion work 1000 kJ/kg is delivered. Determine the inlet steam availability. Take dead state temperature as  $15^\circ\text{C}$ . **07**
- Q.4** (a) Derive the expression for maximum temperature for one dimensional heat flow under steady state conditions and uniform heat generation. **07**
- (b) A plate 2 cm thick and 10 cm wide is used to heat a fluid at  $30^\circ\text{C}$ . The heat generation rate inside the plate is  $7 \times 10^{-6}\text{ W/m}^3$ . Determine the heat transfer co-efficient to maintain the temperature of the plate below  $180^\circ\text{C}$ .  $k$  of plate is  $\text{W/m}^\circ\text{C}$ . neglect heat losses from the edge of the plate. **07**
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) Derive necessary von-karman's expression for convection heat transfer. **07**
- (b) A steel ball 50 mm in diameter and at  $900^\circ\text{C}$  is placed in still atmosphere of  $30^\circ\text{C}$ . find the temperature of ball after one minute. Take density  $= 7800\text{ kg/m}^3$  **07**
- Q.5** (a) State and explain the following **07**
1. Gressof number
  2. Prandlt number
  3. Nusselt number
  4. Reynold's number
- (b) Explain hydrodynamic boundary layer, boundary layer thickness and thermal boundary layer with neat sketch. **07**

**OR**

- Q.5** (a) State and explain any three laws of radiation. **07**
- (b) Two large parallel plates with  $\epsilon = 0.5$  each, are maintained at different temperature and are exchanging heat only by radiation. Two equally large radiation shields with surface emissivity 0.05 are introduced in parallel to the plates. Find the percentage reduction in net heat transfer by radiation. **07**

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