

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY****M. E. - SEMESTER – III • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2014****Subject code: 730801****Date: 03-06-2014****Subject Name: Engineering Optimization****Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm****Total Marks: 70****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) Explain Objective Function and objective function surfaces. **07**
- (b) A scaffolding system consists of three beams and six ropes as shown in figure 1. Each of the top ropes *A* and *B* can carry a load of  $W_1$ , each of the middle ropes *C* and *D* can carry a load of  $W_2$ , and each of the bottom ropes *E* and *F* can carry a load of  $W_3$ . If the loads acting on beams 1, 2, and 3 are  $x_1$ ,  $x_2$ , and  $x_3$ , respectively as shown in Fig. 1. Formulate the problem of finding the maximum load ( $x_1 + x_2 + x_3$ ) that can be supported by the system. Assume that the weights of the beams 1, 2, and 3 are  $w_1$ ,  $w_2$ , and  $w_3$ , respectively, and the weights of the ropes are negligible. **07**

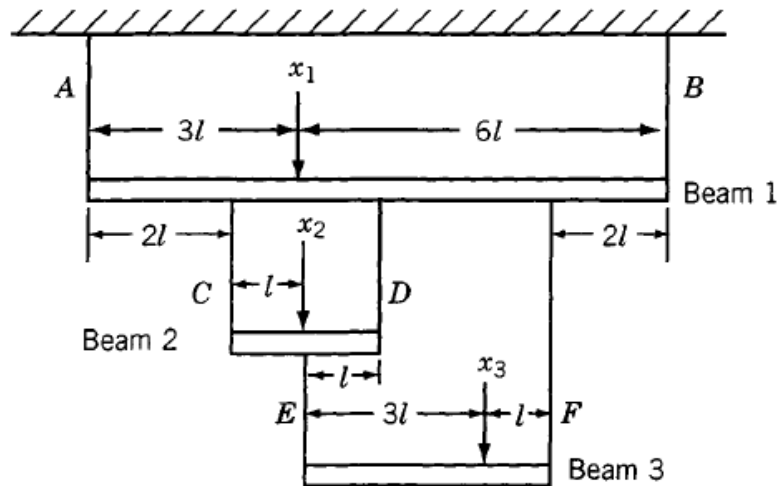


Figure 1[Question No. 1(b)].

- Q.2** (a) Discuss the deterministic and stochastic programming problems with examples. **07**
- (b) A rectangular box of height “a” and width “b” is placed adjacent to a wall. Find the length of the shortest ladder that can be made to lean against the wall. **07**

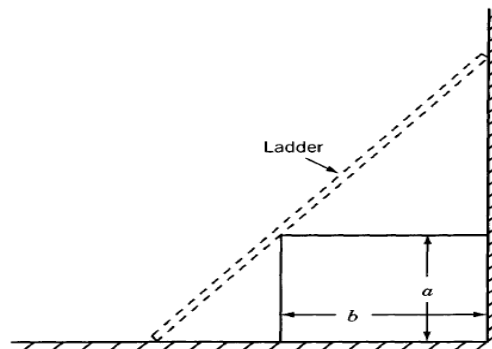


Figure 2 [Question No. 2(b)].

**OR**

- (b) Minimize of  $f(x) = \frac{2000}{x} + 2\pi x^2$  in the interval  $[0, 10]$  using interval of uncertainty or Fibonacci method for two iterations. Take value of  $n=7$  **07**

- Q.3** (a) Explain the types of unimodal functions and its outcome in detail. **07**  
 (b) Minimize  $f(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 + 5x^2 - 12x + 1$  using quadratic interpolation method. **07**  
 For the range of  $[0,1]$ . Carry out at least two intervals.
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) Explain the internal halving method in detail. **07**  
 (b) Explain Newton-Raphson method and minimize  $f(x) = 2x^4 - x^3 + 5x^2 - 12x + 1$  using **07**  
 Newton-Raphson method with starting point  $x_0 = 0.0$ . Use  $\epsilon = 0.01$
- Q.4** (a) Explain with the help of a sketch an iterative process of cubic interpolation method. **07**  
 (b) Minimize  $f(x) = x_1 - x_2 + 2x_1^2 + 2x_1x_2 + x_2^2$ , with starting point  $x_0 = [0,0]^T$  & probing **07**  
 step length  $\epsilon = 0.01$  using univariate method for two iterations.
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) Enlist unconstrained optimization methods. Explain only features of any two closely **07**  
 related methods.  
 (b) Minimize  $f(x) = x_1^2 + 2x_2^2 - 4x_1 - 2x_1x_2$  with starting point  $x_0 = [0,0]^T$  using steepest **07**  
 descent method for two iterations.
- Q.5** (a) Discuss complementary Geometric Programming and explain degree of difficulty. **07**  
 (b) Formulate the problem of minimum weight design of a helical spring under axial load **07**  
 as a geometric programming problem. Consider constraints on the shear stress, natural  
 frequency and buckling of the spring.
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) Explain the main features of genetic algorithms in brief. **07**  
 (b) A total length of 100 m of tubes must be installed in a shell and tube heat exchanger in **07**  
 order to provide the necessary heat transfer area. The total cost of the installation in  
 rupees includes 1. The cost of the tubes which is constant at Rs 900; 2. The cost of the  
 shell  $= 1100D^{2.5}L$ ; 3. The cost of floor space occupied by the heat exchanger  $= 320DL$   
 where  $L$  is the length of the heat exchanger and  $D$  is the diameter of the shell, both in  
 meter. The spacing of the tubes is such that 200 tubes will fit in a cross sectional area  
 of  $1m^2$  in the shell. Determine the diameter and length of the heat exchanger for  
 minimum first cost.

\*\*\*\*\*