N Sul Sul Tir	/IE - S bject bject ne: 1	GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITYEMESTER-I (New course)• REMEDIAL EXAMINATION – SUMMER 201Code: 2710501Date:12/05/202Name: Digital Signal Processing Algorithms.0:30 am to 1:00 pmTotal Marks: 7	5 15 70
Inst	truction 1. 2. 3.	ns: Attempt all questions. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a) (b)	Define: Causal system, Linear system, Time-variant system and Stable system. Also determine system $y(n) = Ax(n) + B$ is causal or non-causal, linear or non- linear and time-variant or time-invariant. Explain discrete wavelet transform and its application in DSP.	07 07
Q.2	(a)	Obtain the direct form I, direct form II, cascade, and parallel form structures for the following system $y(n) = \frac{3}{4}y(n-1) - \frac{1}{8}y(n-2) + x(n) + \frac{1}{3}x(n-1)$	07
	(b)	Justify with suitable example: A linear time-invariant system is stable if its impulse response is absolutely stable.	07
	(b)	The impulse response of a linear time-invariant system is $h(n) = \{1, 2, 1, -1\}$ . Determine the response of the system to the input signal $x(n) = u(n) - u(n-3)$ .	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	By means of the DFT and IDFT, determine the response of the FIR filter with impulse response $h(n) = \{1 \ 2 \ 3\}$ to the input sequence. State and explain properties of DFT	07 07
	(0)	OR	07
Q.3	(a)	Determine the circular convolution of the sequences: $x_1(n) = \{1 \ 2 \ 3 \ 1\}$ and $x_2(n) = \{4 \ 3 \ 2 \ 2\}$ .	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Develop radix-2 FFT algorithm using decimation in time approach.	07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain Chirp-z transform algorithm. Explain the Bartlett: a nonparametric method for power spectrum estimation.	07 07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain ARMA model for power spectrum estimation. Compute the 8-point DFT of the sequence $x(n) = \{\frac{1}{2}  \frac{1}{2}  \frac{1}{2}  \frac{1}{2}  0  0  0 \}$ using radix-2 DIF algorithm.	07 07
Q.5	(a) (b)	Explain frequency sampling method for FIR filter design. Convert the analog filter with system function $H_a(s) = (s+0.1)/[(s+0.1)^2+16]$ into a digital IIR filter having a resonant frequency of $\omega_r = \pi/2$ by means of the bilinear transformation.	07 07
05	(a)	<b>UR</b> List the various methods of designing IIR filter Explain the bilinger	07
Q.3	(a)	transformation method of designing of IIR filter. How does this method	U/

overcome the limitation of other methods?

(b) Determine the order and the poles of a type I lowpass Chebyshev filter that has **07** a 1-dB ripple in the passband, a cutoff frequency  $\Omega_p = 1000\pi$ , a stopband frequency of  $2000\pi$ , and an attenuation of 40 dB or more for  $\Omega \ge \Omega_s$ .

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