Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

ME – SEMESTER-1 (NEW) EXAMINATION – WINTER 2016

Subject Name: POWER CONVERTERS-I				
		2:30 pm to 5:00 pm Total Marks:		
Q.1	(a)	Enlist factors responsible for un-reliable operation of a thyristor. Discuss remedies for any two of them.	08	
	<b>(b)</b>	Compare: (i) Converter grade thyristor with Inverter Grade thyristor.  (ii) Power MOSFET with IGBT.	06	
Q.2	(a)	A single phase semi-converter is operated from 120V,50Hz ac supply. The load resistance is $10\Omega$ . If the average output voltage is 25% of the maximum possible average output, determine (i) firing angle (ii) rms & average output current (iii) rms & average thyristor current.	07	
	<b>(b)</b>	Derive an expression for (i) average load voltage and (ii) rms load voltage for a fully controlled bridge circuit with R-L load.  OR	07	
	(b)	A single – phase bridge inverter delivers power to a series connected RLC load with R= 3 $\Omega$ and wL = 12 $\Omega$ . The periodic time T = 0.2 msec. What value of C should the load have in order to obtain load commutation for the SCRs? The Thyristor turn-off time is 12 $\mu$ sec. Take circuit turn-off time as 1.5 $t_q$ . Consider load current contains only fundamental components.	07	
Q.3	(a) (b)	Describe in detail the operation of dual converter without circulating current. Analyse performance of the circuit shown in Fig.1	07 07	
Q.3	(a)	Explain 3- $\emptyset$ , phase controlled rectifier with inductive load using necessary waveforms for $\alpha = 45^{\circ}$ .	07	
	<b>(b)</b>	Discuss the following concepts w.r.t AC controller:  (i) Integral cycle control & (ii) Phase angle control.	07	
Q.4	(a)	With waveforms, explain the operation of 3-Ø cycloconverter. State applications of cyclo-converter.	07	
	<b>(b)</b>	Describe operation of a Sepic converter. State its advantages.  OR	07	
Q.4	(a)	With waveforms, explain the operation of a 1-Ø to 1-Ø cyclo-converter with R-L load.	07	

	<b>(b)</b>	Discuss Cuk converter operation with equivalent circuit for both switch - on and switch-off conditions.	07
Q.5	(a)	Describe the operation of a full bridge inverter with resistive load. Why it is preferred over half bridge inverter?	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Draw and explain basic series inverter. What are its limitations?	07
		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Describe the operation of a 3-Ø bridge inverter for 180° conduction for star connected resistive load.	07
	<b>(b)</b>	State various types of PWM techniques & describe any one of them in detail.	07

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