## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY M. E. - SEMESTER – I • EXAMINATION – WINTER 2012

	Subject code: 711306N Subject Name: Decision Models in Management								Date: 16-01-2013			
Time: 02.30 pm – 05.00 pm Instructions:								Total Marks: 70				
	1. 2.	Attempt all ques Make suitable as Figures to the rig	sumption				ary.					
Q.1	(a)	Define – Feasible solution, Optimal solution, Unbounded solution, Infeasible solution, Degenerate solution, Constraints, Model									07	
	(b)	Solve the following LP problem graphically Maximize $Z = X_1 + X_2$ Subject to $X_1 + 2X_2 \le 10$ $X_1 + X_2 \le 6$ $X_1$ and $X_2 \ge 0$									07	
Q.2	(a)	west corner method									07	
			Г	W1		W2	W3	W4	L	Supply		
			F1	14		25	45	5	r	6		
		Factories	F2	65		25	35	55		8		
		1	F3	35		3	65	15		16		
		Requirement	L	4		7	6	13		30 (Total)		
	<b>(b)</b>	Find the initial basic feasible solution to the following transportation problem by Least cost method.										
					r	Го			S	upply		
			2			7		4		5		
			3			3		1		8		
		From	5			4		7		7		
		Demand	<u>1</u> 7			6 9		2 18		14		
	(b)	and one machine. The cost of each job on each machine is given in the following table										
					V	X		Y		Z		
		T-1	A		8	24		28		32		
		Jobs	B C		<u>8</u> 0	13		<u>17</u> 19		19 22		
			U	1 1	v	1.	,	17	1	44		

Q.3 (a) Explain the steps of kruskal's algorithm

(b) Solve the following LP problem using Simplex method Maximize  $Z = 10X_1 + 15X_2 + 20X_3$ Subject to  $2X_1 + 4X_2 + 6X_3 \le 24$  07

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$$\begin{array}{c} 3X_1 + 9X_2 + 6X_3 \leq 30 \\ X_1, X_2 \text{ and } X_3 \geq 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} OR \\ \textbf{Q.3} (a) \quad \text{What are the applications of dynamic programming?} \\ \textbf{(b)} \quad \text{Explain} \quad - \quad \text{Balanced Transportation Problem and Unbalanced Transportation} \\ \textbf{07} \\ \text{Problem.} \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{07} \\ \textbf{(a)} \quad \text{The arrival rate of customers at a banking counter follows Poisson distribution with a mean of 50 per hour. The service rate of the counter clerk follows Poisson distribution with a mean of 70 per hour. (a) What is the probability of having 0 customer in the system (P_o)? (b) What is the probability of having 5 customer in the system (P_s)? (c) Find Ls, Lq, Ws and Wq. \\ \textbf{(b)} \quad \text{Define simulation and explain its advantages.} \\ \textbf{07} \\ \textbf{08} \\ \textbf{Q.4} (a) \quad \text{Explain} - \text{Balking, Reneging, Jockeying} \\ \textbf{07} \\ \textbf{(d)} \\ \textbf{07} \\ \textbf{(d)} \\ \textbf{(d)} \\ \textbf{(b)} \\ \textbf{Vhat is Kendall notation? Give the classification of queuing system based on Kendall notation.} \\ \textbf{(d)} \\ \textbf{07} \\ \textbf{(d)} \\ \textbf{Cars arrive at a restaurant with a mean arrival rate of 30 cars per hour and the service rate of the cars is 22 per hour. The arrival rate and the service rate follow Poisson distribution. The number of parking space for cars is only 5. Find the standard result of this system. \\ \textbf{08} \\ \textbf{08} \\ \textbf{07} \\ \textbf{08} \\ \textbf{08} \\ \textbf{07} \\ \textbf{08} \\ \textbf{08} \\ \textbf{07} \end{array}$$

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Distinguish between integer programming and linear programming problem.

**(b)** 

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