Sea	t No.:	Enrolment No	-
GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY M. E SEMESTER – II • EXAMINATION – WINTER • 2013 Subject code: 1725008 Date: 02-01-202 Subject Name: Rapid Prototyping Time: 10.30 am – 01.00 pm Total Marks: 70 Instructions:  1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.			
Q.1	(a) (b)	Explain the new product development process with suitable example.  Discuss design for X.	07 07
Q.2	(a) (b)	convert into STL file format in RP process.	07 07
	<b>(b)</b>	OR  Describe the different phases of finite element method and explain the processing phase with an example.	07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Enlist the features of an advanced CNC machine. Enlist the different parts of Robot and explain Cartesian type of configuration.  OR	07 07
Q.3	(a) (b)	Describe the Variant type CAPP system. Explain the Indirect rapid tooling process.	07 07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Write the benefits of product data management system.  What are the barriers to CIM? How to overcome them?  OR	07 07
Q.4	(a) (b)	Explain the procedure of constructing the 3D model. Explain in detail the methodology of concurrent engineering.	07 07
Q.5		Explain with sketch the laminated object manufacturing process. A prototype of a tube with a square cross section is to be fabricated using stereolithography. The outside dimension of the square =150 mm and the inside dimension =120mm. The height of the tube (z-direction) =100 mm. Layer thickness =0.20 mm. The diameter of the laser beam ("spot size") =0.40 mm, and the beam is moved across the surface of the photopolymer at a velocity of 600 mm/s. Compute an estimate for the time required to build the part, if 05s are lost each layer to lower the height of the platform that holds the part.	07 07
Q.5	(a) (b)	Explain Steriolithography and enlist its limitation.  A prototype of a tube with a square cross section is to be fabricated using fused deposition method. The outside dimension of the square = 150 mm and the inside dimension = 120 mm. The height of the tube ( <i>z</i> -direction) = 100 mm. Layer thickness is to be 0.25 mm and the width of the extrudate deposited on the surface of the part = 1.5 mm. The extruder work-head moves in the <i>x</i> - <i>y</i> plane at a speed of 200 mm/s. A delay of 10 sec is experienced between each layer to reposition the work-head. Compute the time required to build the part.	07 07

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