

**GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

PDDC Sem-I June-July Examination 2011

**Subject code: X10901 Subject Name: Element of Electrical Engineering****Date: 18/06/11****Total Marks: 70****Time: 10:30am to 1:00pm****Instructions:**

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) State & explain Kirchhoff's voltage & current laws with suitable examples **07**  
 (b) A coil has resistance  $18\Omega$  at  $20^{\circ}\text{C}$ , resistance is  $20\Omega$  at  $50^{\circ}\text{C}$ , then find out **07**  
 (a) Temperature coefficient at  $0^{\circ}\text{C}$  (b) its resistance at  $15^{\circ}\text{C}$   
 (c) Temperature of coil, when coil resistance is  $21\Omega$  (d) The temperature rise in Coil for resistance  $18\Omega$  to  $21\Omega$

- Q.2** (a) Explain the similarity & dissimilarity between magnetic circuit & electrical circuit **07**  
 (b) Derive the expression for equivalent capacitance for a group of capacitors are connected in series & parallel **07**

**OR**

- (b) Explain the absolute & relative permittivity of the system & also explain the laws of electrostatics **07**

- Q.3** (a) Explain dynamically & statically induced E.M.F. **07**  
 (b) Define (a) M.M.F. (b) Relative Permeability (c) Self Inductance (d) Mutual inductance (e) Reluctance (f) Magnetic field Intensity (g) Magnetic Flux Density **07**

**OR**

- Q.3** (a) Explain the phenomena Rise in current through inductor & derive the equation  $i = I_m(1 - e^{-t/\lambda})$  **07**  
 (b) A relative soft Iron ring of relative permeability 1000 has mean circumference of 800mm & cross sectional area 500mm square, a radial air gap of 1mm width is cut in the ring which is wound with 1000 turns. Calculate the current required to produce an airgap flux of 0.5mwb, if leakage factor is 1.2 & stacking factor is 0.9 **07**

- Q.4** (a) Explain the resonance phenomena in R-L-C Series circuit & derive the equation for resonance frequency **07**  
 (b) At 60 Hz frequency, sinusoidal voltage  $v = 141 \sin \omega t$  is applied to R-L series circuit, The values of resistance & Inductance are  $3\Omega$  &  $0.0106\text{H}$  respectively. Find (a) reactance of the circuit (b) total Impedance of the circuit (c) Current through the circuit in polar form (d) Active power consumed in the circuit & power factor of the circuit **07**

**OR**

- Q.4** (a) Explain the phenomena of A.C. through pure inductor with circuit & vector diagram, also prove that active power consumption is zero **07**  
**Q.4** (b) Define the followings (a) phase (b) Frequency (c) form Factor (d) Amplitude (e) derive the equation for R.M.S value using analytical method for sinusoidal quantity **07**

- Q.5 (a)** Explain the two watt meter method to measure the three phase power **07**  
**(b)** Three coils of resistance  $20\Omega$  & Inductive reactance  $15\Omega$  are connected in star to 400 V, three phase 50Hz supply. Calculate (a)Line current (b)Power supplied (c )Power factor of circuit (d) Impedance of the circuit **07**

**OR**

- Q.5 (a)** Explain the phenomena for the generation of three phase power & also state it's advantages & die advantages over single phase **07**  
**(b)** Define Phase voltage & line voltage & derive the equation between them for three phase star connection **07**

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