Seat No.:	Enrolment No
-----------	--------------

Subject Code: X 71901

## GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY PDDC - SEMESTER-VII • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2014

Date: 28-05-2014

**Subject Name: Refrigeration and Air Conditioning** Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm **Total Marks: 70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt all questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Use of p-h chart and steam tables is permitted. Develop an expression for mass of motive steam required to entrain one kg of flashed 07 **Q.1** vapour in a steam jet refrigeration system. State the effect of increase in condenser pressure on steam consumption. (h) Draw a neat schematic of VCR system with two evaporators, compound compression, 07 multiple expansion valve and flash inter cooling. Represent it on p-h diagram. Develop an expression for power and COP. An R-12 VCR system comprises multiple expansion valves, back pressure valve, one **Q.2 07** condenser, one compressor and two evaporators of 10TR and 30TR capacities maintained at 10°C and -10°C respectively. The condensing temperature is 40 °There is 10°C under cooling. The vapors leaving the evaporators are dry saturated. Assume isentropic compression. Determine :(i)mass flow rate in kg/s in each evaporator(ii)compressor power in kW (iii)COP of the system. Draw a neat named schematic of practical water-ammonia VAR system. Explain how 07 moisture is separated in the analyzer and rectifier. Explain the benefits of liquid-liquid heat exchanger. Why is cooling water circulated in the absorber? **(b)** Draw the schematic of a Lithium bromide-water absorption refrigeration plant. **07** Explain its working. State its disadvantages. Why is analyzer/rectifier not required? A sample of moist air has dbt=25 °C, RH=50% and barometer reading is 740 mm of 07 Q.3 mercury. Calculate: (i) partial pressure of water vapor and dry air (ii) specific humidity (iii) dew point temperature (iv) enthalpy (v) degree of saturation. **(b)** Draw a neat named schematic of boot-strap air refrigeration system. Represent it on 07 t-s diagram. Explain its working. OR An air-water vapour mixture enters an adiabatic saturator at 30°C and leaves at **Q.3** 07 20°C, which is the adiabatic saturation temperature. The pressure remains constant at 100 kPa. Determine the relative humidity and specific humidity of inlet mixture. (b) Distinguish between primary refrigerants and secondary refrigerants. Name **07** desirable thermodynamic, chemical and physical properties of a good refrigerant. **Q.4** (i) Explain the following concepts: 05 sol air temperature, Equivalent CLTD, Effective temperature (ii) What is infiltration load and ventilation load? 02 **(b)** (i) State the functions of flow control devices. Explain the working of 05 Automatic expansion valve with a schematic. (ii) Describe about shell and coil condenser 02 OR

<b>(a)</b>	Derive an expression for the equivalent diameter of circular duct corresponding	07
	to a rectangular duct of sides a and b, for the same pressure loss per unit length,	
	when:	
	(i) the quantity of air passing through both the ducts is same,	
	(ii) the velocity of air flowing through both the ducts is the same.	
<b>(b)</b>	Explain flywheel effect as applied to cooling load calculation with neat labeled	07
	diagram.	
(a)	Write short note on air-conditioning of small and big stores.	07
<b>(b)</b>	Explain the working of window room air conditioner with a schematic. How	07
	split air conditioner differs from it?	
	OR	
(a)	(i) Describe various methods of preservation of food.	04
	(ii)Explain all water air conditioning system with neat diagram.	03
<b>(b)</b>	Describe viscous impingement filter and dry filter.	07
	(b) (a) (b)	to a rectangular duct of sides a and b ,for the same pressure loss per unit length, when:  (i) the quantity of air passing through both the ducts is same,  (ii) the velocity of air flowing through both the ducts is the same.  (b) Explain flywheel effect as applied to cooling load calculation with neat labeled diagram.  (a) Write short note on air-conditioning of small and big stores.  (b) Explain the working of window room air conditioner with a schematic. How split air conditioner differs from it?  OR  (a) (i) Describe various methods of preservation of food.  (ii) Explain all water air conditioning system with neat diagram.

\*\*\*\*\*