Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY PDDC - SEMESTER- II EXAMINATION - SUMMER 2015

Subject Code:X20903 Date: 05/06/2015 **Subject Name: Electrical Machine 1 and 2** Time: 10.30am-01.00pm **Total Marks: 70 Instructions:** 1. Attempt any five questions. 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary. 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks. Q.1 (a) Define d.c. generator and motor. Explain the types of d.c. motors with diagram. 7 (b) Explain construction and working principle of 1-phase transformer. 7 7 Q.2 (a) Explain the characteristics of d.c. motors with necessary diagrams. (b) A 120 V, d.c. shunt motor has an armature resistance of 0.2 Ω and a field resistance of 60Ω 7 It runs at 1800 rpm taking a full load current of 40 A. Find the speed on half load condition. 7 Q.3 (a) Why starter is use in d.c. motor? Explain three point starter in detail. 7 (b) What are the condition for parallel operation of transformers? Explain parallel operation of 1-phase transformers. Q.4 (a) Explain the methods of speed control of d.c. motors. 7 (b) A d.c. shunt motor runs at a speed of 1000 rpm on no load taking a current of 6 A from 7 the supply, when connected to 220 V d.c. supply. Its full load current is 50 A. Calculate its speed on full load. Assume Ra= 0.3Ω and Rsh= 110Ω . Q.5 (a) Explain equivalent circuit of 1-phase transformer with its importance. 7 7 (b) A 6600/400 V single phase transformer has primary resistance of 2.5 Ω and secondary resistance of $0.01~\Omega$. Calculate total equivalent resistance referred to primary and secondary. Q.6 (a) Explain construction and working of 3-phase induction motor. 7 (b) A 4 pole, 3-phase, 50 Hz, star connected induction motor has a full load slip of 4 %. 7 Calculate full load speed of the motor and rotor emf frequency. Q.7 (a) What is voltage regulation of alternator? Explain the methods to find voltage regulation 7 of alternator. 7 (b) Explain working principle of synchronous motor. Discuss the applications of synchronous motor.