

GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY
PDDC - SEMESTER-VII • EXAMINATION – SUMMER • 2015

Subject Code: X70902

Date: 12/05/2015

Subject Name: Interconnected Power System

Time: 02:30 pm - 05:00 pm

Total Marks: 70

Instructions:

1. Attempt all questions.
2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.

- Q.1** (a) List out the types of buses specified in load flow study & Derive the for static load flow equations **07**
(b) Explain Cascade tripping & plant Islanding **07**
- Q.2** (a) Draw the block diagram of State load dispatch centre & Explain it's function **07**
(b) Explain transient, Steady state & Dynamic stability of power system **07**
- OR**
- (b) Explain tie line load bias frequency control **07**
- Q.3** (a) List out the methods of Y_{Bus} formation & Explain Singular Transformation method to form Y_{Bus} **07**
(b) Explain Gauss-seidel method for load flow study **07**
- OR**
- Q.3** (a) Explain the dynamic programming method for Unit commitment **07**
(b) Derive the equation for Z_{Bus} formation, [1] when a element is added between new bus & reference bus & [2] Element is added between old bus & new bus **07**
- Q.4** (a) Explain A.G.C. [Automatic Generation Control] with block diagram **07**
(b) Explain flat frequency control **07**
- OR**
- Q.4** (a) Give the comparison between G-S & N-R methods of load flow studies **07**
(b) List out the methods to improve Transient stability of power system & explain any one in brief **07**
- Q.5** (a) Explain the power angle curve & derive the swing equation for power system stability **07**
(b) Explain equal area criteria of stability with diagram **07**
- OR**
- Q.5** (a) Explain the various criteria for economical load distribution between various plants, when transmission line losses are incorporated **07**
(b) The Fuel inputs per hour of plant1 & Plant 2 are given as **07**
 $F_1 = 0.2P_1^2 + 40P_1 + 120$ Rs. per hr
 $F_2 = 0.25P_2^2 + 30P_2 + 150$ Rs. per hr
Determine the economic operating schedule & corresponding cost of generation, If maximum & minimum loading on each unit is 100MW & 25MW, the load demand is 180MW & transmission losses are neglected, If the load is equally shared by both the units, Determine the saving obtained by loading the units as per equal incremental production cost