Seat No.:	Enrolment No.

## **GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY**

## PDDC - SEMESTER - I • EXAMINATION - WINTER 2012

Subj	ect (	code: X 10901 Date: 23/01/20	013
Subj	ect ]	Name: Element of Electrical Engineering	
•		0.30 am - 01.00 pm Total Marks:	70
		ions:	
111501		Attempt all questions.	
	2.	Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.	
	3.	Figures to the right indicate full marks.	
Q.1	(a)	Explain the similarity & dissimilarity between magnetic circuit &	07
Ų.I	( <b>a</b> )	electrical circuit	07
	<b>(b)</b>		07
	( )	capacitor are connected in series & parallel	
<b>Q.2</b>	(a)	*	07
		explain the laws of electrostatics	
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain dynamically & statically induce E.M.F.	<b>07</b>
		OR	
	<b>(b)</b>		<b>07</b>
		Mutual inductance (e)Reluctance (f)Magnetic field Intensity	
		(g) Magnetic Flux Density	
Q.3	(a)		07
	<b>(b)</b>	Find the current in Z <sub>1</sub> and Z <sub>2</sub> respectively when they are connected in parallel and supplied by 230 volts rms. Also find total current drawn and power	07
		factor. $Z_1 = 3 + j + \Omega$ $Z_2 = 3 - j + \Omega$	
		OR	
Q.3	(a)	A relative soft Iron ring of relative permeability 1000 has mean	<b>07</b>
		circumference of 800mm & cross sectional area 500mm square, a	
		radial air gap of 1mm width is cut in the ring which is wound with	
		1000turns.Calculate the current require to produce an airgap flux of	
	<b></b>	0.5mwb, if leakage factor is 1.2 & stacking factor is 0.9	
	<b>(b)</b>	1	<b>07</b>
0.4	(0)	equation for resonance frequency  Define the followings (a) phase(b) Frequency (a) form Factor (d)	07
Q.4	(a)		07
		Amplitude (e) derive the equation for R.M.S value using analytical method for sinusoidal quantity	
	<b>(b)</b>		07
	(6)	vector diagram, also prove that active power consumption is zero	07
		OR	
Q.4	(a)	Explain the phenomena for the generation of three phase power & also	07
	. ,	state it's advantages & dis advantages over single phase	
	<b>(b)</b>	Define Phase voltage & line voltage & derive the equation between	<b>07</b>
		them for three phase star connection	
Q.5	(a)	•	<b>07</b>
	<b>(b)</b>		<b>07</b>
o =		OR	^=
Q.5	(a)	1 1 1	07
	<b>(b)</b>	Explain admittance method for a.c parallel circuit	<b>07</b>