GUJARAT TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY PDDC - SEMESTER-VI • EXAMINATION - WINTER 2013

Subject Code: X61903

Subject Name: Heat and Mass Transfer

Time: 02.30 pm - 05.00 pm

Instructions:

- 1. Attempt all questions.
- 2. Make suitable assumptions wherever necessary.
- 3. Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- Q.1 (a) A wall is made up of three layers, one of red brick, one of insulating brick and 07 one of fire brick. The inner and outer surfaces are at 1043 K and 213 K respectively. The respective co-efficient of thermal conductivities of the layers are 0.75, 0.12 and 1 W/m-K and the thicknesses are 11 cm, 7.5 cm and 22 cm. Find the rate of heat loss per sq. meter per hour and interface temperatures.
 - Derive general conduction equation in Cartesian coordinate and reduce the **(b)** 07 same for one dimensional heat conduction.

Q.2	(a)	Explain the following terms: (Any THREE)	
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- (1) Convection
- (2) Radiation
- (3) Pool boiling
- (4) Emissive power
- (b) If the velocity distribution in the boundary layer of a flat plate is given by an 08 expression. $u/U = \sin \pi/2(v/\delta)$

Then find the expression for the boundary layer thickness.

OR

(b)	Derive momentum	equation	for hydrodynami	c boundary	v layer over	a flat plate.	08

- **Q.3** Derive an expression for LMTD for parallel flow heat exchanger. 07 (a) 07
 - (b) Explain fouling of heat exchanger in detail.
 - OR

Derive the expression for effectiveness of parallel flow heat exchanger. Q.3 **(a)**

Air enters a cooler at 115°C and at 3bar and is brought to 45°C by passing **(b)** through tubes of 10 mm surrounded by water which enters the cooler at 15°C and leaves at 30°C. Assuming the heat exchanger is counter flow, find the mean temperature difference. If the air velocity in the tube is limited to 6.5 m/sec. find the length of the tube required. Neglect the tube resistance and assume water side heat transfer coefficient is $200 \text{ W/m}^2\text{K}$.

Take the following properties of air at mean temperature.

Density = 2.87 kg/m³, $C_p = 1005$ J/kg.K, K = 0.03 W/m.K, $\mu = 20.92$ X 10^{-6} kg/m.sec, $v = 20.92 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m}^2/\text{sec.}$

- (i) Explain emissivity and absorptivity of a surface. Also differentiate between 07 **Q.4 (a)** black body and grey body.
 - (ii) Explain Wein's displacement law of radiation.
 - (b) By dimensional analysis show that for forced convection heat transfer the 07 Nusselt number can be expressed as a function of Prandtl number and Reynolds number.

OR

Derive an expression for heat dissipation in Rectangular Fin of uniform cross 07 **Q.4** (a) section which is insulated at tip.

Date: 09-12-2013

Total Marks: 70

07

07

	(b)	Derive the expression for radiant heat exchange between two finite black surfaces by radiation.	07
0.5	(a)	Discuss various regimes of pool boiling.	07
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		OR	
Q.5	(a)	Show physical significance of Following non-dimensional numbers:	07
		Nu (Nusselt Number), Gr (Grashof Number), Pr (Prandtl Number), and Re	
		(Reynold Number).	
	(b)	State and explain Fick's law of diffusion.	07
